

REITERATES HIS PLEDGE AS TO POLICY

Bryan Repeats His Letter of Acceptance Declaration About Philippines.

IF ELECTED PRESIDENT

He Will Immediately Convene Congress in Extraordinary Session.

HIS TOUR WESTWARD

Frankfort, Ind., Nov. 1.—Bryan's private car attached to newspaper train left Cincinnati at 3:30 this morning. Short stops were made at Jamestown, Crawfordsville and Darlington, where Bryan discussed the general issues of the campaign. Good sized crowds greeted him at each place and liberally applauded. At Frankfort Bryan repeated the promise made in his notification speech to call congress in extraordinary session in case of his election to consider the Philippine question.

BRYAN AT THE QUEEN CITY.

Makes a Flying Trip Through the Back-woods State—Chicago Next.

Cincinnati, Nov. 1.—The Democratic presidential candidate, Hon. W. J. Bryan, made the first speech here last night that he has made in this city during the campaign. He arrived on a special train at 8 p. m. and went direct to Moxie hall, where he talked for an hour. Hon. Judson Harmon, formerly attorney general under President Cleveland, presided at the meeting, and there were many other leading Democrats present. The doors were opened at 7 p. m., but more than enough to fill the hall were present before 6 o'clock.

The day was spent entirely in this state, and the itinerary covered the country between the city and Toledo. Beginning with an hour's speech at Toledo at 10 a. m. Bryan spoke in succession at Wauseon, Napoleon, Ottawa, Lima, Wapakoneta, Sidney, Lima, Troy, Dayton, Hamilton and College Corners. With the exception of the Toledo speech none of the others of the day exceeded twenty-five minutes in length, and six of them were of only five minutes duration each. There were fine audiences at Toledo, Wauseon, Lima, Dayton and College Corners, as well as here.

Bryan started early this morning for Indiana en route for Chicago.

BRYAN'S REPLY TO SOME QUESTIONS

First is as to the "Coin" Obligations, Second as to North Carolina.

Princeton, N. J., Nov. 1.—Francis J. Hall, president of the University Republican club, has received a letter from William J. Bryan, dated New York, Oct. 29, in which he replies to the two questions sent him by the Republican club when he addressed the students at Princeton Junction last Thursday. After expressing his appreciation of the courtesy shown him by the Republicans at that meeting he thus refers to the questions:

First: "Will you, if elected, redeem the coin obligations of the government in gold or silver?" To this he replies that he will enforce the law as he finds it; that the Republican party has the executive, house and senate, and as there is one more session of congress before another president is inaugurated he (Bryan) has no way of knowing what law regarding this matter will be in effect by March 4. He also states that his views on the money question can be found in his letters of acceptance.

Second: "Do you approve of the disenfranchisement of the negroes in North Carolina by the Democrats of that state?" Bryan states that this question is not an issue in the campaign, and says: "You should hold the president responsible for what he has done in Porto Rico and not me responsible for what has been done in North Carolina." He adds that there is but little, if any, difference between the race question law in North Carolina and that in Porto Rico.

ROOSEVELT SPEAKS AT BUFFALO.

Talks Three Times to as Many Audiences in the Evening, Once to Italians.

Buffalo, N. Y., Nov. 1.—The train carrying the Republican vice presidential candidate arrived in this city shortly after 4 p. m. yesterday, after making a pause at Black Rock, an industrial suburb of Buffalo and the north-bound railway center of the city. The governor was accorded a splendid reception at this place and addressed a few remarks to the laboring people. From the time of his arrival here he received there was one continuous ovation. The streets through which he had to pass on his way from the station were crowded with people.

Governor Roosevelt spoke at three meetings last night, one on the east side in the industrial portion of the city, which was an open air affair, and where so many people were gathered that less than one half of them could

hear the speaker. Another followed in a small hall, where the major part of the audience was composed of Italians, and the third and last in the great convention hall, which was filled to the very doors. At this latter place the other traveling orators kept the audience interested for nearly two hours until the governor arrived.

Buffalo, Nov. 1.—The Roosevelt special left Buffalo at 8:40 this morning, bound for Jamestown, where it will remain tonight. It is scheduled to stop at many places along the route. The governor felt very well, and his voice is in good condition.

MISTAKE SOMEWHERE.

Issue of Veracity Between Attorney General Griggs and Monnett, of Ohio.

Napoleon, O., Nov. 1.—The following letter to the chairman of the county Republican committee explains it. It is dated Washington, Oct. 25, 1900.

"Dear Sir: I am in receipt of your letter of the 23d inst., in which you state that ex-Attorney General Frank S. Monnett, of Ohio, in a Democratic speech at Napoleon on the 23d inst., stated that I, in a letter to him, and also in a personal interview with him, said that the reason why the trusts have not been prosecuted was that the president has been inactive and indifferent in the enforcement of the anti-trust laws. Unless Mr. Monnett has taken leave of his senses I cannot believe he ever made such a statement. So far as I can recall, or the records of this department show, I have never written him a letter upon any subject.

Direct Issue of Veracity.

"I am sure that Mr. Monnett wrote me a letter upon the subject of trusts, nor in any way alluded to the action of this administration with reference thereto. As to his allegation that I made such a statement in a personal interview with him, that is also entirely untrue. I never met Mr. Monnett but once, and that was only for a few minutes when he called to pay a visit of courtesy, being introduced to me by his predecessor, the present solicitor general, Hon. John K. Richards, of Ohio. I do not think or believe that the subject of trusts, or any other subject except such as would arise in general conversation upon a visit of this nature, was touched upon.

Sure He Made No Such Statement.

"I am sure that I made no such statement as you say Mr. Monnett attributed to me. Nor could I have made such a statement, because it would have been untrue. The attitude and record of this administration on the subject of prosecution under the anti-trust laws are contained in the last annual report of the attorney general to congress, a copy of which is forwarded to you by this mail.

The foregoing is signed "John W. Griggs, attorney general" (of the United States).

Bryan Replies to an Address.

Boston, Nov. 1.—The reply from William J. Bryan in acknowledgment of the address adopted by the National Anti-Imperialist League here, at Indianapolis, which was engrossed and sent to him, has just been received at the office of the New England Anti-Imperialist League here. The reply is dated Brooklyn, N. Y., Oct. 29, and is addressed to Erving Winslow, secretary.

Beginning to Keep McKinley Busy.

Canton, O., Nov. 1.—All yesterday the McKinley home was thronged with visitors. They came from far and near, some merely to pay their respects, some on matters of business and some to talk politics. The president and his secretaries were kept busy attending to them.

Cold Water Special Still in Pennsylvania.

Washington, Pa., Nov. 1.—The Prohibition special left Pittsburgh at 6:15 last evening and reached here at 8 for the night meeting. Several hundred local Prohibitionists with the Washington Military band greeted the party. A street parade preceded the speaking.

PROMINENT ATTORNEY

PASSES TO THE BEYOND

Cheyenne, Wyo., Nov. 1.—Benjamin F. Fowler, ex-attorney general of Wyoming, died here after an operation for appendicitis. He was 46 years of age and was born in Jo Davies County, Ill. He was admitted to the bar at Dubuque, Ia., in '82.

British Outpost Captured.

Capetown, Nov. 1.—It transpired today that the Boer commander captured a British outpost of 90 men in the vicinity of Geneva Oct. 28, and afterwards held up the Capetown mail train, looted the carriages and passengers, destroyed the mails, set fire to the train, and decamped on the approach of the armored train. The Boers later released the prisoners they had captured.

Dowie's Farewell to London.

London, Nov. 1.—John Alexander Dowie, the Chicago Zionist, held his final meeting in London. He announced that he would leave a deacon to carry on the work.

Lynching Must Be Getting Stale.

Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 1.—The negro reported as lynched near Anniston Monday night was not killed, but was given fifty lashes while tied in a sack.

Welcome to Home Coming Canadians.

Halifax, Nov. 1.—The transport Idaho, with the home coming Canadian soldiers from South Africa, is announced entering the harbor and the cannon on the citadel has commenced to roar a welcome.

Old Railway Employee Dead.

Pana, Ills., Nov. 1.—H. B. Beach, well-known in secret societies, and forty years agent for the Big Four railway, died here yesterday, aged 75.

Two men are under arrest in New York for "swindling merchants out of \$25,000 by means of dummy" stores.

UNCLESAM'S OWN IDEA

That Which John Bull and Hans Sprung In Their Little Treaty of Alliance.

SECRETARY HAYS SENDS A REPLY

Agreeing to Principles Originated in Our State Department—Japan Has Also Agreed.

Washington, Nov. 1.—Secretary Hay today called that Commissioner Rockhill has been appointed as counselor to the American legation at Peking. He has been directed to proceed at once from Shanghai to Peking, to assist Minister Conger in that capacity in negotiations for final settlement.

Washington, Nov. 1.—The state department yesterday made public the British-German agreement respecting the maintenance of the "open door" and territorial integrity of China, with the answer of the United States government, sent in duplicate to each of the principals to the agreement. The document is a letter from Secretary Hay to Lord Pauncefote, in which the secretary under date of Oct. 29, 1900, says: "I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your note of the 23d of October, inclosing the text of an agreement between Great Britain and Germany, relating to affairs in China, which was signed in London on the 16th inst. by the Marquis of Salisbury and the German ambassador on behalf of their respective governments, and inviting the acceptance by the United States of the principles recorded in that agreement."

Principles Are Out Over Here.

The secretary then quotes the two first articles of the agreement, which were printed in the press report of Oct. 22, and continues: "The United States have heretofore made known their adoption of both these principles. During the last year this government invited the powers interested in China to join in an expression of views and purposes in the direction of impartial trade with that country and received satisfactory assurances to that effect from all of them. When the recent troubles were at their height this government, on the 3d of July, once more made an announcement of its policy regarding impartial trade and the integrity of the Chinese empire and had the gratification of learning that all the powers held similar views. And since that time the most gratifying harmony has existed among all the nations concerned as to the ends to be pursued, and there has been little divergence of opinion as to the details of the course to be followed."

So We Coincide—Clause No. 3.

"It is therefore with much satisfaction that the president directs me to inform you of the full sympathy of this government with those of her British majesty in the German emperor in the principles set forth in the clauses of the agreement above cited." Secretary Hay then quotes the much-discussed third clause, as follows: "In case of another power making use of the complications in China in order to obtain under any form whatever such territorial advantages, the two contracting parties reserve to themselves to come to a preliminary understanding as to the eventual steps to be taken for the protection of their own interests in China." His comment on this is: "As this clause refers to a reciprocal arrangement between the two high contracting powers, the government of the United States does not regard itself as called upon to express an opinion in respect to it."

Japan Accedes Without Reserve.

Berlin, Nov. 1.—The formal reply of Japan, unreservedly acceding to the terms of the Anglo-German agreement, has been received at the German foreign office. Emperor William's long conversation yesterday with the British ambassador, Sir Frank Lascelles, dealt with a number of interesting topics. His majesty expressed satisfaction at the favorable reception given the Anglo-German agreement by all the powers, which he called a "road proof" indication of the speedy solution of the Chinese imbroglio.

STATUS OF THE MISSIONARIES.

Official Statement That Is of Interest to the Various Churches.

New York, Nov. 1.—The Rev. Arthur J. Brown, one of the secretaries of the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions, yesterday received a letter from David J. Hill, assistant secretary of state, which covers various points connected with the present status of the missionaries in China. The letter was written in connection with information that the Rev. A. M. Cunningham and his wife, missionaries at Peking, were about to return to their post, and requesting that the United States authorities in China be informed of their purpose if, in the judgment of the department, those authorities might interpose any objection to their return to the city.

"The conditions governing access of foreigners to the non-treaty towns of the interior, including Peking, and their security there," Hill writes, "will necessarily be considered in the negotiations for a definite settlement between China and the powers. While it would be premature to open an access to the Chinese interior for our citizens engaged in commercial or professional pursuits there would seem to be no objection to Mr. Cunningham's return."

"The United States forces at Tientsin and Peking would doubtless afford him all facilities for his return not in conflict with regulations which may have been adopted regarding the return of foreigners into the city. A copy of this correspondence will be sent to Minister Conger for his information."

Birmingham, who was in this country on furlough at the time of the outbreak in China, recently applied for permission to return to his post. He is now in San Francisco, and his wife will sail for China on Saturday.

TURNED THEMSELVES LOOSE.

Incident in the Hungarian Parliament Started by Francis Kossuth.

Buda Pest, Nov. 1.—A stormy debate is proceeding in the lower house of the Hungarian parliament on the Archduke Ferdinand's renunciation of claim to the Hungarian throne in behalf of the issue of his morganatic marriage. Francis Kossuth insisted on the



COUNTESS GROTTE. ARCHDUKE FERDINAND, duke of Salsburg, and his wife, Countess Grotte, who was in this country on furlough at the time of the outbreak in China, recently applied for permission to return to his post. He is now in San Francisco, and his wife will sail for China on Saturday.

COSTS TOO MUCH TO LIVE.

So Anna Gould Says, and Has George Appointed Her Trustee.

Paris, Nov. 1.—All Paris was agog yesterday over the news that George Gould had been appointed trustee for his sister's income to prevent its dissipation by Castellan's extravagance. Maitre Bonnet, when applying for the trusteeship, informed the president of the court that the countess herself recognized that the expenditure had been too lavish and that it was necessary for some one of experience and authority to manage her affairs. He went on to say that, although the countess was a consenting party to the trusteeship, it was desirable that he should furnish precise details.

The income of the countess, he went on to set forth, was 3,000,000 francs. Since the marriage 15,000,000 francs had been expended, and the debts now amounted to 22,000,000 francs. The Gould family had met in consultation and unanimously decided to authorize the countess to make the present application. The debts, Maitre Bonnet said, were the following: 8,702,000 francs in connection with the charity bazar building and the hotel in the Rue Malakoff, etc., etc.; 6,882,200 francs on mortgages payable from 1900 to 1902; 4,292,135 francs on bills, money loaned; 9,100,000 francs owing to curio dealers.

France Also "Reserves."

Paris, Nov. 1.—The Politique Coloniale makes the following announcement: "The French ambassador at Great Britain (M. Paul Cambon) has received instructions to reply to the Anglo-German agreement that France adheres to the principles of the integrity of the Chinese empire and the 'open door' and that with regard to article 3 she reserves the right to act in such a manner as to safeguard her interests."

Railway Official Severely Hurt.

Springfield, Ills., Nov. 1.—In a wreck on the Pawnee railroad between Pawnee and Auburn E. W. Clifford, general manager of the road was seriously injured. The train was derailed while crossing the Brush Creek bridge, and the passenger car was thrown into the creek, a distance of fifteen feet. There was but one other passenger and he escaped injury.

Ladies Entertain Mrs. Bryan.

Cincinnati, Nov. 1.—When Bryan's train arrived in this city last night Mrs. Bryan was received by Mrs. David L. Baumgarten and driven to her elegant home on Walnut Hills, where dinner was served to Mrs. Bryan and a large number of invited guests. After supper there was a formal reception.

Boths Said To Be Advancing.

Pretoria, Nov. 1.—Intelligence has reached here that Commandant General Botha is marching with a strong force to invade Cape Colony near Kenhardt, where, it is said, the irreconcilable Boers are ready to join them.

NEWS FACTS IN OUTLINE.

Final reports to the New Orleans Times-Democrat's correspondents place the cotton crop for 1900 at 9,700,000 bales. It is at New York announced that bank robber Alvord will be turned over to the United States authorities. The Venezuelan government has decreed the resumption of payment of interest on all debts and loans from November.

Checks amounting to \$2,064,920 representing interest on government bonds due Nov. 1 were mailed from the treasury at Washington yesterday. The Chicago and Grand Trunk railway was sold at noon yesterday at Port Huron, Mich., under an order of court.

Ferrell, the assassin of his friend, Messenger Lane, who has been convicted of his crime, tried to commit suicide in jail at Marseille, O. There is no truth in the report that President T. Simon Sam, of Hayti, is dead.

Weng Wen Shao, imperial treasurer of China, who fled with the court, is dead. Natural causes.

Three priests have been arrested at Barcelona in connection with the premature Carlist outbreak.

Republican students of Harvard and Massachusetts Institute of Technology had a big parade in Boston, winding up with a desperate street fight.

FIFTY STRIKERS FREE

No Longer in Danger of Being In Contempt of Court On An Old Rule.

CASE OF THE BIG MUDDY IS ENDED

Populist Committeeman Ousted—State Law Practice Code—Horrible Crime of a Wife.

Springfield, Ills., Nov. 1.—Judge Allen, in the United States circuit court yesterday afternoon, discharged the rule heretofore entered by him against fifty striking miners of St. Louis and Big Muddy Coal company, near Carverville, that they should show cause why they should not be dealt with for contempt of court in interfering with the operations of the mines, and ordered all the defendants discharged. Representative men from Carverville appeared before Judge Allen and showed that all the defendants were men of good behavior. Among the number discharged were some of those who had been arrested on charge of murdering non-union miners on the Illinois Central train, who were going to Carverville to work in the mine, and with killing non-union miners at the railway station in Carverville, but who were acquitted on trial.

Populists Oust Committeeman.

Springfield, Ills., Nov. 1.—At a meeting of the state committee of the Populist party here George E. Wickline, of Nashville, committeeman from the Twenty-first district, and W. E. R. Kell, of Decatur, committeeman from the Seventeenth district, were ousted, on the grounds that they have been working for the interest of the Democratic party in their respective districts. The committee issued a final appeal to the Populists to vote the straight, middle-of-the-road Populist ticket. The committee voted confidence in Joseph Hopp, of Chicago, state committee chairman, and exonerated him of the charges preferred against him by Wickline and other People's party members in the Twenty-first district.

State Code of Law Practice.

Springfield, Ills., Nov. 1.—The state practice commission, in charge of the matter of revising the state code of law practice, has adjourned to meet in Galesburg Nov. 9 and 10, after passing finally upon a majority of the recommendations and suggestions that had been tentatively adopted. The afternoon session was devoted to a discussion of the question of appeals. It is proposed to harmonize no less than twenty-five or thirty different sections relating to appeals to the supreme and appellate courts and writs of error.

WAS THE WOMAN DEMENTED?

Deliberately Murdered Her Husband, Beginning While He Is Asleep. Geneseo, Ills., Nov. 1.—William Hilger, a young carpenter of Hoopole, near here, is dead of wounds inflicted upon him with a pistol by his wife.

Robbed Right in the Bank.

Chicago, Nov. 1.—George J. Frey, a member of the firm of Frey Bros. & Flood, flour and feed merchants, was robbed of \$700 in cash and \$500 in checks while waiting to make a deposit in the First National bank yesterday morning. Two men did it. One pretended to know Frey and while the latter was startled at being accosted by a stranger the other thief "got the wad."

Crushed Fatally by a Train.

Chicago, Nov. 1.—Frank J. Carpenter, treasurer and general manager of the Nye-Jenks Grain company, is dead from injuries received in leaving an Illinois Central suburban train. He alighted from the rear platform and was crushed between the steps and station platform.

Central Illinois Medical.

Pana, Ills., Nov. 1.—Central Illinois Medical association held its twenty-third annual session here. Many prominent physicians from all over the central part of the state were present and numerous topics of interest to the medical profession were discussed.

President Kruger, It is said, will come to the United States and ask intervention in behalf of the Transvaal.

Chicago, Nov. 1.—The Central and Western passenger associations have granted a special rate of one fare for a round trip to voters in their territory desiring to return home to vote.

COAL IS ADVANCED FIFTY CENTS

Anthracite Trust Opens Winter Campaign on Consumers.

TO PAY MINERS' RAISE

Overfed Operators Must Have Returns for Just Dues to Their Men.

EVERY TON COSTS MORE

New York, Nov. 1.—It is announced that prices of anthracite coal have been advanced 50 cents per ton over the nominal price of July. The change covers the whole country beginning today.

JONES, RICE'S VALET, TRIES TO KILL HIMSELF.

New York, Nov. 1.—Charles F. Jones, secretary and valet to the late William Rice, the millionaire, whose death occurred under suspicious circumstances, attempted suicide in the tombs this morning by cutting his throat with a penknife, making a deep wound and slightly injuring the jugular. He was removed to the hospital, where nobody was allowed to see him. Assistant District Attorney Osborn this afternoon stated that Jones yesterday made a voluntary statement implicating Patrick in the death of Rice.

Fire Victim Dies.

New York, Nov. 1.—Joseph Bacharach, a merchant, who was injured in the Tarrant explosion Monday, died today. Search for bodies in the wreckage was kept up all night, but none was found.

One Fare for Voters.

Chicago, Nov. 1.—The Central and Western passenger associations have granted a special rate of one fare for a round trip to voters in their territory desiring to return home to vote.

WE ARE NOW READY FOR FALL.

Our Stocks are Complete in Every Detail, and We Want You to See Them Before Investing Your Money in Cool Weather Wearables.

We are showing, as usual, a full line of the famous suits and overcoats made by L. Adler, Bros. & Co., of Rochester, N. Y., whose label is universally recognized as making the best ready-made clothing in the world. In past seasons we have prevailed upon many gentlemen who were devoted to the merchant tailor to

Make a Trial of This Clothing.

The results have satisfied us that, in nine cases out of ten, it is a waste of time and money to buy made-to-measure clothes. The "Adler" garments are made as well, trimmed as nicely, and fit as neatly; also they cost about half the made-to-measure price. However, come and see for yourself. Be your own judge.

YOU KNOW US.

THE LONDON

ROCHESTER, N.Y.

DATE _____